

Brilliant Writing Bingo

<p>1. Full Stops and Capital Letters</p> <p>Amazing writers always punctuate their sentences correctly.</p>	<p>2. Capital Letters for Proper Nouns</p> <p>The names of a particular person, place or thing.</p> <p>Examples: Mrs Wordsworth, Harry Potter, London, France, Asia, Roblox, Manchester United Football Club.</p>	<p>3. Expanded Noun Phrases</p> <p>Use adjectives to give more information about the noun.</p> <p>Example: The calm, gentle waves.</p>
<p>4. Adverbs</p> <p>An adverb is a word which modifies a verb, which means that it tells you how, when, where, how often or to what extent (how much) something is being done.</p> <p>Examples: quickly, yesterday, above, daily, completely.</p>	<p>5. Fronted Adverbials</p> <p>A word, phrase or clause that is used, like an adverb, to modify a verb or a clause at the beginning of a sentence.</p> <p>Example: Earlier today, I discovered some treasure.</p>	<p>6. Powerful Vocabulary</p> <p>Up level your adjectives and verbs!</p> <p>Swap 'walked' for 'strolled', 'stomped' or 'dawdled'.</p> <p>Instead of 'said' you could use 'screamed', 'whispered' or 'muttered'.</p>
<p>7. Wide Range of Conjunctions</p> <p>Extend sentences by using different conjunctions.</p> <p>Examples: when, if, because, although, while, after, before, until.</p>	<p>8. Prepositions</p> <p>Words that tell you where or when something is in relation to something else.</p> <p>Examples: after, before, on, under, beside, inside and outside.</p> <p>The house was on the hill beside a tree.</p>	<p>9. Pronouns</p> <p>Pronouns replace nouns so our sentences are not repetitive.</p> <p>Examples: he, she, they, it.</p> <p>Instead of 'Mrs Wordsworth was hungry so Mrs Wordsworth ate a biscuit' we would replace 'Mrs Wordsworth' with 'she'.</p> <p>Mrs Wordsworth was hungry so she ate a biscuit.</p>
<p>10. Exclamation Marks and Question Marks</p> <p>Exclamation mark example: "I won the concert tickets!"</p> <p>Question mark example: "Did you know a crocodile is a reptile?"</p> <p>Look out for question words: how, where, why, did, what, who, which. They will help you find sentences which might need a question mark.</p>	<p>11. Commas for a List</p> <p>I went to the shop to buy cheese, cake, bread and milk.</p>	<p>12. Apostrophes</p> <p>Apostrophes for contractions: Do not → don't cannot → can't was not → wasn't will not → won't is not → isn't could not → couldn't</p> <p>Apostrophes to show possession (that something belongs to someone). Mrs Wordsworth's shoes were muddy.</p>